

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is published daily except on Sundays and public holidays. It has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

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MONDAY, FEBRUARY 7.

A RECENT biography of the Prince of Wales says, "the prince is fond of all kinds of people." True indeed, especially when they are women, pretty and young.

THE solid south is certainly not as solid as the Democrats would like to have it. The largest political club house in this country has just been opened in Baltimore.

A KANSAS CITY preacher recently preached a long sermon on "How to Go to Hell." Might have saved himself this trouble. Most people are fully posted on that subject.

OUR pious and moral friend, John Wamamaker, wants to make another political fight on Senator Mathew Stanley Quay. And some people are mean enough to say that it is another instance of the pot calling the kettle black.

LOUISVILLE, KY., is becoming a very moral city and believes in being virtuous and being happy. But the saloon keepers of that town right now are neither virtuous nor happy. A grand jury in session there has just returned indictments against 186 of their number.

JUDGE LAUGHLIN deserves credit for cleaning up the criminal docket of this county and relieving the county jail of a lot of prisoners and the county from expense. During his term as a judge on the bench in this district, Judge Laughlin has certainly been a hard worker and has dispatched the business of the court with energy and alacrity.

THE political pot is beginning to boil: It is reported from Albuquerque that Messrs. Thomas Hughes and T. A. Finckel, who represented Bernalillo county in the council of the Thirty-second legislative assembly, are not averse to again running on the Republican ticket from their home county for the same positions during the coming campaign.

DELEGATE FERGUSON'S bill, granting the territory public lands in aid to the support of its educational institutions and public schools in advance of statehood, should pass both houses of congress and become law. Right, justice and public necessity are on the side of the bill and it cannot be enacted any too soon to do the territory good and to help our educational institutions and public schools.

It will be remembered that as soon as Democratic judges took office a few years ago, they allowed no grass to grow under their feet and appointed Democratic clerks of courts without delay whatever. The Republican judges, recently appointed, should follow the example thus set them and that speedily. There is neither rhyme nor reason in delaying such appointments and certainly there are lots of candidates to choose from.

NEW YORK states gives a bounty of 1 cent per pound on all beet sugar manufactured within its borders. The way to encourage a new industry is to encourage it. In the meantime, New Mexico, the ideal section for the profitable manufacture of beet sugar, allows golden moments to hurry by without taking advantage of its great natural opportunities for the raising of sugar beets and the manufacture of beet sugar.

The law passed by the Thirty-second legislative assembly, providing for the funding of county indebtedness, and establishing the procedure that all county accounts shall be paid quarterly and pro rata, is working well wherever carried out and is proving a beneficial measure. There may have been some corruption in the Thirty-second legislative assembly, but it must be admitted that the legislation passed by that body was in the main very good and proper. The proof of the pudding is in the eating.

THE Jeffersonian Democrats league of Denver seems to be all sorts of a fool. It now opposes the passage of the immigration restriction bill, recently passed by the United States senate, and in the resolutions, it has adopted, in opposition thereto appears the following fool reason for its action:

"Whereas, Said bill denies the natural right of migration to the continent of the first white settlers, who may seek to avail themselves by honest toil, of the measureless and inexhaustible natural resources of this undeveloped country, ample in the present state of the arts of wealth production to support in comfort 1,000,000,000 of people."

ALL over the country, during the past year, there has been a general recuperation of business, except in one

instance, and that is, the cotton manufacturing business in New England, which has been overdone. In all other branches there is increased employment, and, as a rule, increased wages and fuller time. The woolen, silk, linen, leather, steel, iron, machinery and building trades are all right, but in thrifty New England, in a class of work which has been successful for two generations, things have come to a standstill, and in several of the cotton manufacturing centers in New England strikes are in progress. However, our Democratic and Pop friends cannot well make political capital out of this state of affairs, although they are trying to. Everybody at all posted or with average common sense understands the cause of the situation. It is not the gold standard, it is not that silver is quoted at 50 cents an ounce, it is not the circulation of good money or bad money, and the currency question has nothing to do with it. It is simply the fact that production of cotton goods in New England has been overdone for some time and that the advantages of the southern cotton goods manufacturers and the cheap labor they use have cut in on the business of the New England manufacturers.

The Appointment of a Clerk for the Third District.

Judge Parker announces, that he will appoint Mr. James P. Mitchell, of Hillsboro, Sierra county, clerk of the court of the Third judicial district as soon as Mr. Mitchell can take the office. The latter is now postmaster at Hillsboro and has sent in his resignation to the postoffice department. The NEW MEXICAN believes that the choice of Judge Parker is good. Mr. Mitchell has been engaged in mining in Sierra county for several years and is well and favorably known in Sierra county. He was appointed postmaster at Hillsboro about four months ago. He is a good and hardworking Republican and is a member of the Republican territorial central committee from his county. He is competent for the position. There were several applicants from Dona Ana and Grant counties for the place, among those Messrs. Oscar Lohman, H. B. Holt, and Harry L. Miles, of Dona Ana county, each of whom was backed by leading Republicans of that county and no agreement between the several candidates could be reached.

Judge Parker made his own selection and chose a man from his own county. He observed the principle of home rule, made an appointment from the Third judicial district, where it properly and justly belonged, and selected a good man and a strong and hardworking Republican. Such a course cannot but meet with approval and meets with approval. It is to be hoped that the other Republican judges will act as prudently and as sagaciously as did Judge Parker in the matter of the appointment of clerks for their respective districts.

The Gain in the Money Circulation.

The political managers who propose to make the currency question the leading issue in the congressional campaign this year will probably find themselves somewhat embarrassed by the fact that the money in circulation at this time is more than \$200,000,000 in excess of the amount in circulation at the date of the adoption of the Chicago platform, which the Democratic congressional committee reiterated as the campaign cry for 1898. The following table, taken from the official statements of the Treasury department shows the amount of money of various classes in circulation in the United States on July 1, 1896, just one week before the adoption of the Chicago platform, and also on January 1, 1898. The gain in 18 months is, it will be observed, \$214,665,674, nearly \$100,000,000 of this being in gold coin.

	July 1, 1896.	Jan. 1, 1898.
Gold coin.....	\$ 454,905,064	\$ 547,508,380
Standard silver dollars.....	52,116,904	61,491,073
Large.....	50,339,451	63,739,328
Small.....	1,777,453	3,751,745
Gold certificates.....	42,198,119	36,537,089
Silver certificates.....	300,657,191	376,966,550
Treasury notes.....	82,345,947	103,445,959
United States notes.....	224,249,368	292,480,927
Currency certificates.....	31,269,040	43,312,000
National bank notes.....	315,168,122	323,827,755
Totals.....	\$1,506,434,969	\$1,721,169,840

Politics in Socorro County.

In county politics ambitious men are already at work laying out plans. Asessor Cipriano Baca is credited with a desire to become sheriff, and the present sheriff would like the nomination for commissioner for the district composed of Socorro and Socorro counties. We were under the impression that this plum belonged to Sierra this year, but some people appear to have a different idea about the matter.—San Marcial Bee.

Nomination Number Two.

The Raton Range names Mr. A. M. Blackwell, of Las Vegas, for the consideration of Republicans at their nominating convention to select a candidate for delegate to congress next fall. The suggestion of the Range is all right, but Mr. Ferguson will be renominated by his party for the congressional job, we believe his political opponent should be a lawyer and a resident of the same city. Therefore, a very good plan it would be for the Republicans to nominate that stalwart Republican, popular general of Sierra and gifted attorney, Hon. Thos. A. Finckel. It would be a pretty race, and the outcome would show Mr. Finckel well in the lead.—San Marcial Bee.

Ninety Per Cent of the People Satisfied.

Fully 90 per cent. of the people of the territory are well satisfied with the bill providing for the permanent location of the capital of New Mexico at Santa Fe. There was a time when many of the voters of the territory would have favored the removal of the capital to Albuquerque, but when that place had an opportunity to get the capital, it wanted to proceed on the take all and give nothing principle and failed to get what it wanted. Now that the new capital building is well under way it is quite proper that the capital question should be settled finally. The taxpayers of New Mexico do not want to pay for the erection of a third capital building in the near future, and this is just what they would have to do should the capital be removed from Santa Fe.—Silver City Eagle.

That Grand Jury Investigation.

The result of the investigation as to the alleged bribery of members of the last legislature is simply a Scotch verdict of "not proven" and, so far as the members of the late legislature are concerned, the investigation has amounted to nothing. The effect of the investigation, however, will be excellent. Members of future legislatures will bear in mind when they are tempted to take a bribe, that there is a provision for the punishment of legislators who so far forget the duty which they owe to their constituents, that they are willing to sell their votes to the highest bidder. It is more than probable that, should there be reason to believe that bribes have been taken by legislators, after the close of the next session of the legislature there will follow a prompt investigation. This will not give promises to successful crookedness memories quite so good an opportunity to forget as they had this time.—Silver City Eagle.

NOT TO BE OUTDONE.

The Colonel Didn't Propose to Let a One Horse Regiment Beat Him.

"It is very amusing to me," said a gentleman recently, "the way people act when they are asked to subscribe to any fund of any kind. The way to catch them is to tell them that somebody else whom they know very well and who is about equally well off has given a large sum—that is, of course, if the person solicited does not mind acting the role of Ananias, if the cause is a good one, as for charity or something of the kind. If Mr. Moneybags has given \$50 toward the fund, it must be magnified into \$100 in order to make Mr. Closest give the same amount. If Mr. Moneybags has given \$50 originally, it should be brought to his attention that Mr. Closest has just doubled the amount, and the chances are Mr. Moneybags will also give \$50 extra. Competition is not only the life of trade, but of the subscription business," continued the gentleman. "It is only by working both ends against the middle that the successful end is reached. This reminds me of something which happened during the war. Two regiments were stationed on opposite sides of the river. A chaplain went to wait on the men composing the regiment stationed on the north side of the river with good success. A number of the men were converted, and he left that regiment and went to continue his missionary work in the regiment on the south side of the river. After laboring some time, a longer time than he had done with the other regiment, he found that he would not be so successful. Only about a dozen men were baptized from the last regiment. The chaplain had a talk with the colonel and mentioned the fact that so few of the men had been baptized. 'How many men did you say were baptized in the other regiment?' the colonel asked the chaplain sharply. 'Twenty-four,' was the reply from the chaplain. 'The colonel turned quickly around to his orderly with the quick command: 'Send 85 men at once to be baptized immediately by the chaplain. I don't propose to let any one horse regiment get ahead of us in any way. We've got a reputation to sustain.' 'It is needless to say the order was carried out, and by the laying of the additional 85 men just about double the number were christened as were in the other regiment.'—Washington Star.

Her Method.

Uncle Bob—Yes, my wife allus b'lieved in tyin a string to her finger to remember things.

Uncle Bill—She has one on her finger most of the time, I notice.

Uncle Bob—Yes, 'ceptin when she has somethin very pertikler to remember. Then she leaves off the string, an when it ain't there she remembers why.—New York Sunday World.

As to New Journalism.

"Why don't you believe he is a representative of the new journalism?" "Because," replied the senator with conviction, "he talked with me for ten minutes without trying to explain my business to me or give me some advice for the president of the United States."—Chicago Post.

Double Inheritance.

Mr. Cross—That baby across the way seems to inherit its voice from both its parents.

Mrs. Cross—Why do you think so, dear? Mr. Cross—It makes a great deal of noise like its father and keeps it up like its mother.—Boston Traveler.

Plain Sewing.

"I thought you told me you could do plain sewing." "So I can, ma'am."

"Look at these stitches. I can see them clear across the room."

"Well, ain't that plain enough for you?"—New York Truth.

He Wasn't Saying a Word.

Mamma—Ethel, what do you mean by showing in that disgraceful way? See how quiet Willie is.

Ethel—Of course he's quiet. That's our game. He's papa coming home late, and I'm you.—Tit-Bits.

A Double Murder.

"Now," said Mr. Grogan as he read the headlines, "how could there be a 'double murder?' Oh, I see," he continued after reading a little. "Sure, I thought it meant the man was kilt twice."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Mean Man.

He (after being rejected)—I shall never marry now.

She—Foolish man! Why not? He (violently)—If you won't have me, who will?—Philadelphia North American.

Too Much of a Bad Thing.

"You are regarded as one of the shrewdest confidence men in the country," said the court, "and yet you are here."

"Yes, I guess it was a case of overconfidence, your honor."—Detroit Free Press.

If you cannot get beef,

mutton will answer.

You may choose between milk, water, coffee or tea. But there is no second choice for Scott's Emulsion.

It is Scott's Emulsion or nothing.

When you need the best cod-liver oil, the best hypophosphites, and the best glycerine, all combined in the best possible manner, you have only one choice.

It brings prompt results in all cases of wasting, or loss in weight.

All druggists, 50c and \$1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

HOME DECORATION.

Fancies of the Moment in the Way of Household Adornment.

Cushions, or, rather, couch pillows, of painted bolting cloth are seen in great variety this season, and they are usually of a most elaborate character, the bolting cloth being placed over satin and the pillow being trimmed with frills, folds and



FUR BLOUSE.

puffings, to say nothing of lace and embroidery. Such cushions are, of course, utterly useless, as they are too delicate to be handled, much less leaned upon, but they are expensive and dainty and catch the eye of the lavish purchaser. Cushions covered with bagdad stripes or other substantial oriental fabrics, not too light in color, are also greatly liked, and are much more practical, as they can be put to real service.

Moths always find some special attraction in particularly valuable articles, and they show a decided preference for costly eastern rugs, as the owners of such articles of luxury but too frequently learn to their dismay. Formerly it was difficult, if not impossible, to get these rugs properly repaired, but lately firms of Armenians have established themselves in the shopping districts of most of the large cities and make a specialty of mending rugs, curtains and similar oriental goods in the oriental fashion. Eastern rugs are so much more used than they were formerly and are so liable to moth ravages that this innovation is most advantageous.

Sachets of all kinds—for gloves, handkerchiefs, vells and nightgowns—are works of art this season, and the most costly materials and the finest work are put into them. Panels of bolting cloth, decorated with water color paintings, are a favorite ornamentation, as they are for pillows, and heavy silk cord, lace ruffles and satin platings form a fringe at the edges.

A picture is given of a blouse of breast-schwartz. It has a valois collar and revers and a short, plain basque. It is lined with white satin and belted with a girdle of silver filigree set with colored stones. The toque of ultramarine velvet is trimmed with shaded violets and black coq plumes.

JUDIE CHOLLET.

VARIOUS NOTES.

Items of Interest Concerning the Wardrobe and the Toilet.

The hands may be kept soft and white by the use of almond meal. After the hands have been well soaped with fine toilet soap they should be rubbed with the meal and washed in warm water.

Shoes of white satin or kid, adorned with a satin bow and a tiny tuft of orange



GIRL'S MOURNING HAT.

blossoms, are the correct wear for a bride. Fashion no longer favors wedding prayer books having covers of pearl, ivory or white silk, illuminated covers in the metal style being the latest fancy for the wedding ceremony.

Sideboards and side tables are now covered with linen or silk cloths, heavily embroidered, and small squares, ovals or rounds, embroidered also, are placed under the doaners, etc. Some very elaborate sideboard sets are made of corn silk, embroidered with flowers and bordered with silver, but these are not very practical, as they cannot be washed. More useful ones are of granite linen or damask, embroidered with linen or wash silk and trimmed with heavy guillemots or cut work in the fancy for very heavily decorated china has decreased, and the most elegant services have now no great amount of painting or gold upon them. A small bunch of flowers at the side, a little water scene or figure, or, better yet, a simple, painted border in which fine threads of gold appear, is the adornment most in favor among persons who entertain. The bordered plates often have a small elpher or monogram in the middle.

The illustration which is given today shows a mourning hat for a young girl. It is of a sailor shape and is covered plain with crape. A drapery of crape passes around the crown, the top of the crown being covered by full coquilles of crape, which form an aigret at the side.

JUDIE CHOLLET.

Notice for Publication (Homestead Entry No. 4083.) LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., February 5, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Santa Fe, N. M., on March 18, 1898, viz: Matias Portillo, for the w. 1/4 sec. 34, T. 18 N., R. 10 E., Co. 1, to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Santa Fe, Co., N. M., Rio Grande, Toribio Vigil, Alvinio Abeytia, of Santa Fe, N. M.

MANUEL R. OSORIO, Register.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. H. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convention second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES H. BRADY, H. P. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocations fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C. ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall. S. L. LEWIS, N. G. H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriarchs welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THERESA NEWHALE, Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZTLAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDBERG, N. G. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F. P.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. R. H. BOWLER, C. C. LEE MUTHLEISEN, K. of R. & S.

INSURANCE.

S. E. LANEARD, Insurance Agent, Office: Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life and accident insurance.

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DENTISTS.

D. W. MANLEY, Dentist, Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MAX. FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

GEO. W. KNABBEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 7, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. REENHAN, Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner Court of Claims. Collections and title searching. Rooms 1 and 9 Spiegelberg Block.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Peccos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chavez counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE GREAT Valley of the Rio Peccos.

IN THE COUNTRIES OF EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO.

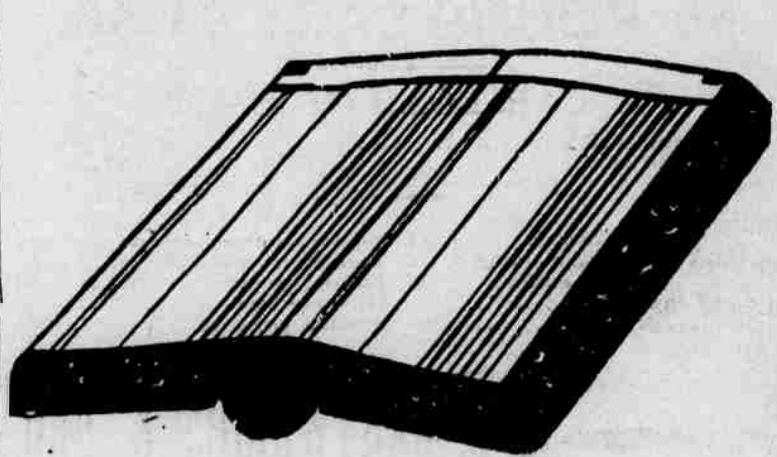
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OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

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CHAS. W. DUDROW, Prop

184 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; 84.1 per cent purity.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet root, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not assured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st and AUGUST 10th.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate. WATER makes the plant grow.

SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Peccos Valley has not on hand in abundance is PEOPLE. We need thrifty farmers; 500 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.

NO FAIRER terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made.

WATER for particulars.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE GREAT Valley of the Rio Peccos.

IN THE COUNTRIES OF EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO.

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